Safe Surfing

Safe Surfing

- **Ø** Password Security
- **Ø** Maintaining Privacy
- ø Maintaining Personal Safety
- ø Phishing & Social Engineering

Password Security

- The whole point of a password is that it can't easily be guessed.
- Ø Don't choose something as obvious as password (or even p4ssword).
- Ø Don't use your dog's name, your mother's name or your house name etc.
- Ø A juxtaposition such as anxiousturnip will be much harder to guess – but is still not ideal.
- Ø Also, don't use the same password for everything.

Password Security

- Ø Something like wEgjZDxuo3J1bJOlhxnV is much harder to crack...
- ø ...but how do you generate it?
- Ø And how to remember it?
- ø Use the free http://keepass.info/
- ø It's a database held on your computer
- Ø Password protected, obviously.
- ø KeePass demo.

Complex Passwords Aren't Enough

- Many websites have a forgotten password link that asks you a few security questions and then emails a reminder to you.
- This is not good if your email account has been compromised...
- The identity thief might know or be able to find out the answers to such questions as first school or mother's maiden name – both of which are common on banking sites.

Complex Passwords Aren't Enough

- Ø The solution is to not tell the bank the truth.
- Ø Just make something up (and log it in KeePass)
- Ø For example, my mother's maiden name is different for every account.
- Ø I think I used broccoli on the last one...
- ø...or did I just make that up J?

Maintaining Privacy

- ø If you participate in social networks and forums etc, avoid giving away details of your personal life online.
- Ø Yes, you can often edit something injudicious that you've said publicly, but the genie is already out of the bottle.
- Ø Don't forget that the search engines spider content and it might well be copied by others. There's also <u>archive.org</u>.

Maintaining Personal Safety

- Ø Try to avoid giving offense online.
- Ø Don't say anything that you wouldn't say to a 20 stone wrestler standing next to you in the pub.
- Ø People can, and do, retaliate.

Phishing & Social Engineering

- Ø These are both exploits designed to obtain your login details to websites or bank accounts.
- Ø Be suspicious if you're ever asked to give them in an email or phone call.
- ø Don't click on links in emails. Copy and paste. http://www.security.egg.com
- Ø Phishing Test

Phishing & Social Engineering

- Ø What if somebody claiming to be from your bank or credit card calls you?
- Ø Don't believe them.
- Ø Don't tell them any ID info but do tell them why.
- Ø Call them back at the number on your credit card or statement.

Fin

You can't be too paranoid. They <u>are</u> out to get you.